### **Chapter 11**

## **Wayfinding and Signage Plan**

Chapter Eleven | Wayfinding and Signage Plan

## 11 Wayfinding and Signage Plan

This chapter presents a regional bicycle wayfinding and signage plan for the South Bay participating cities that will support the proposed bikeway network, while simultaneously creating an identity for the South Bay participating cities' bikeways. Such prominent and unique identification will be important to wayfinding for bicyclists using the first multi-jurisdictional interconnected bikeway system. The signage plan presented here is meant to assure bicyclists that they are using a network that is continuous and easily navigated. The regional bicycle wayfinding system will direct bicyclists to major destinations in the South Bay, such as downtown areas, commercial centers, and transit hubs. Recommended signage presented in this plan should be placed on all existing and proposed routes. This chapter is organized by proposed signage design, signage location, kiosks, and collaborative efforts.

#### 11.1 Signage Design

Bicycle wayfinding signage provides destination, direction, and distance information to bicyclists navigating through the South Bay bicycle network. The proposed design guidelines use standard signs from the federal Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), as well as the California MUTCD. MUTCD signs used in this signage plan include:

- Dll-1: Bicycle Route Guide Sign
- D1-1b: Destination Supplemental Sign
- M7-1 through M7-7: Directional Arrow Supplemental Sign

Using signage standards outlined in the MUTCD allows for signage that is consistent throughout jurisdictions. However, the proposed signs include revised modifications to brand the South Bay bicycle network, as well as bicycle facilities in each participating city. Table 11-2 further explains these modifications.

#### 11.1.1 Design Guidelines

The South Bay bicycle wayfinding signage system recommends the following three sign types:

- Standard signs: Confirm a bicyclist is riding on a designated bikeway
- Turn signs: Specify where a bikeway turns to prepare bicyclists in advance



D11-1: Bicycle Route Guide Sign

#### Chapter Eleven | Wayfinding and Signage Plan



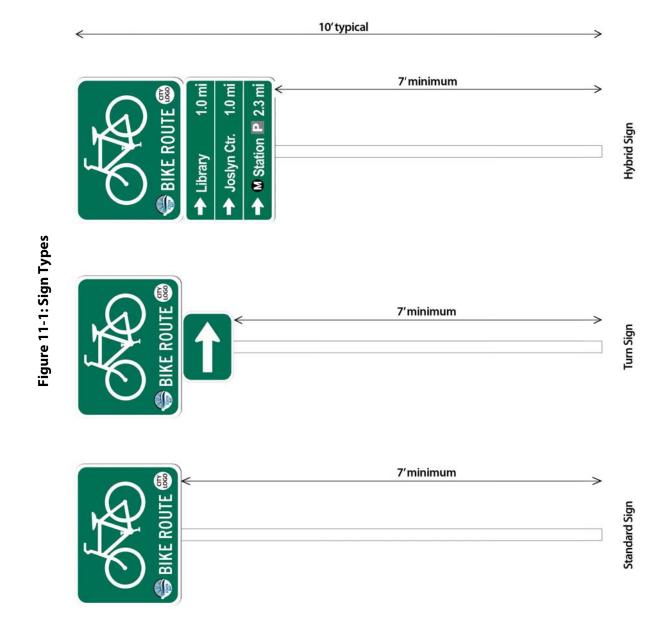
Example Hybrid Confirmation and Decision Sign.

Hybrid Confirmation and Decision signs: Confirm a bicyclist
is riding on a designated bikeway; include mileage to key
destinations that can be accessed by the bikeways; and provide
directional arrows to key destinations. In some instances, they
also identify the junction of two or more bikeways

Table 11-1 displays design and placement standards for the three recommended sign types presented in this chapter. Figures 11-1, 11-2, 11-3, 11-4 and 11-5 illustrate the signage design guidelines.

Table 11-1: Design Standards for Recommended Sign Types

			rable 11-1: Design Standards for Recommended Sign Types		
Type	Sign Type		Design Standards		Placement
Standard	<ul> <li>Bicycle Route Guide Sign</li> </ul>		N/A	• One	One sign per ¼ directional mile (mid-
Signs	D11-1 size: 24" wide x18"	x18″		pold	block) and at the far side of key
	tall			inte	intersections
Turn Signs	<ul> <li>Bicycle Route Guide Sign</li> </ul>		N/A	• Sign	Signs should be placed the at the
	D11-1 size: 24" wide x 18"	x 18″		follo	following distances before an
	tall			inte	intersection depending on the number
	Directional Arrow			of la	of lanes a bicyclist must travel across in
	Supplemental Signs M7-	: M7-		orde	order to initiate a legal left turn:
	1 through M7-7 size: 12"	: 12″			<ul><li>25 feet before a zero lane merge</li></ul>
	wide x 9" tall				<ul><li>100 feet before a one lane merge</li></ul>
					<ul> <li>200 feet before a two lane merge</li> </ul>
Hybrid	Bicycle Route Guide Sign	• Sign	Maximum of one destination per plaque	• Two	Two signs per directional mile
Confirmation	D11-1 size: 24" wide x18"	• x18″	A maximum of three destinations shall be listed	• Sign	Signs should be placed at the following
and Decision	tall	•	Destinations shall use upper case and lower case letters	dist	distances before an intersection
Signs	Destination	•	For destination names that do not fit on one line abbreviations or two-	deb	depending on the number of lanes a
	Supplemental Signs D1-	; D1-	line entry may be used	bicy	bicyclist must travel across in order to
	1b size: 24" wide	•	Destinations shall be listed by closest proximity to the sign placement	initi	initiate a legal left turn:
		•	Signs shall include the bikeway's endpoint along the length of the route		<ul> <li>25 feet before a zero lane merge</li> </ul>
		•	Where a bikeway ends at a location with no obvious destination, use the		<ul><li>100 feet before a one lane</li></ul>
			closest major destination on an intersecting bikeway or the intersecting		merge
			street if there is no obvious destination	•	<ul><li>200 feet before a two lane</li></ul>
		•	Common symbols are to be used to convey destination information in a		merge
			space-efficient manner (see Figure 11-5 and Figure 11-6)		
		•	Directional arrows shall be placed to the left of a destination		
		•	Straight arrows shall be centered over the left and right arrow		

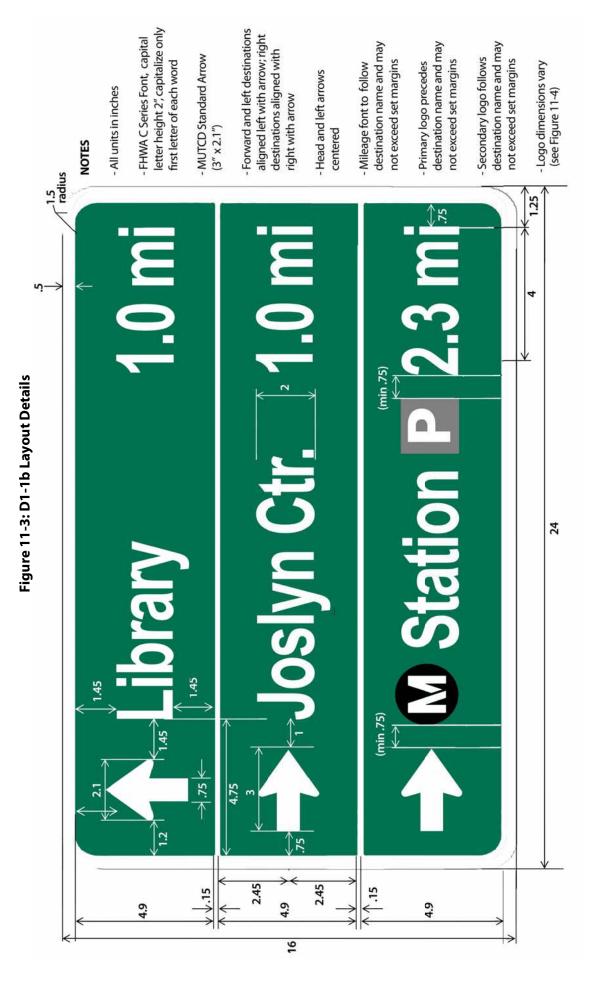


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Figure 11-2: South Bay D11-1 Layout Details

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Figure 11-4: South Bay and Participating City Logos used on signs

# NOTES

- -Used with modified MUTCD D11
- South Bay Logo dimensions (2.25" x 2")
- City logo dimensions  $(2" \times 2")$



















Figure 11-5: Los Angeles Metro and Bicycle Parking symbols used on signs

## NOTES

-Dimensions vary but must not exceed the provided margins





As noted earlier in this chapter, recommended signs deviate slightly from MUTCD standard signs. Table 11-2 presents differences between the MUTCD and South Bay recommended sign standards.

**Table 11-2: Modifications to MUTCD Design Sign Layout Specifications** 

Modification	Explanation
Developing a Hybrid sign from the standard	Provides bicyclists with maximum wayfinding information for
MUTCD confirmation and decision sign (D1-1b),	improved usage and support of the overall network
which incorporates direction, destination name	
and distance	
Reduces horizontal perimeter from 1.5" to 0.75"	Increases ability to accommodate lengthy destination names
Incorporating symbols with destination names	Increases ability to accommodate lengthy destination names in
	addition to improving communication for users
	Consistency across the network increases user familiarly as well
Maintains 24" wide supplemental sign (D1-1b)	as allows for the addition of destinations as the bikeway
	network is implemented
Hara FUNAA 2000 (History Cathia) C. aariaa	Increases ability to accommodate lengthy destination names;
Uses FHWA 2000 (Highway Gothic) C series condensed font series (rather than D series)	maintains 2" cap height; consistent with the cities of Chicago
	and Seattle
Inclusion of South Bay and City Logos on D11-1	Providing the Logos allows for improved identification and
sign, by reducing cap height of "BIKE ROUTE" to	branding of the South Bay bicycle network, as well as the
2" (from 3")	participating cities

#### 11.1.2 Sample Signage

Figure 11-6 through Figure 11-12 present sample signage for each of the participating South Bay cities. Signs will include the logo of the city it is located in, as well as the South Bay bikeway logo. Since color signs may result in high costs, the logos could also be printed in black and white.

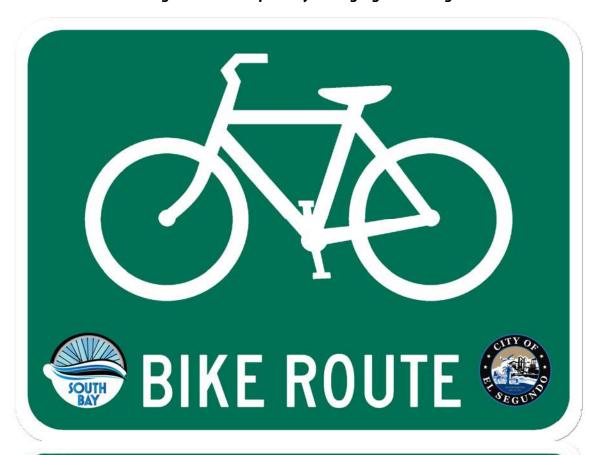


Figure 11-6: Sample Wayfinding sign for El Segundo

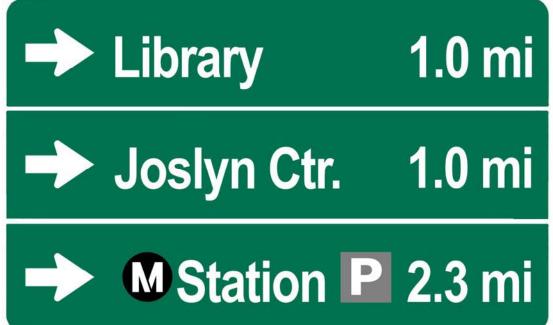


Figure 11-7: Sample Wayfinding sign for Gardena



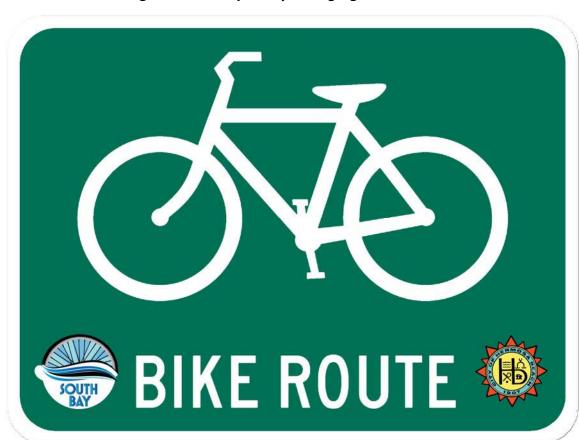
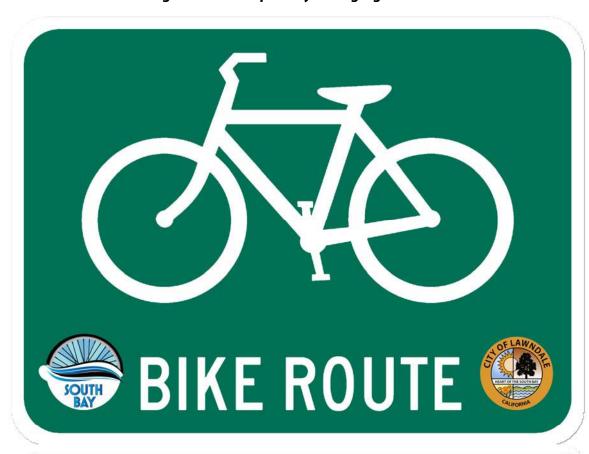


Figure 11-8: Sample Wayfinding sign for Hermosa Beach



Figure 11-9: Sample Wayfinding sign for Lawndale



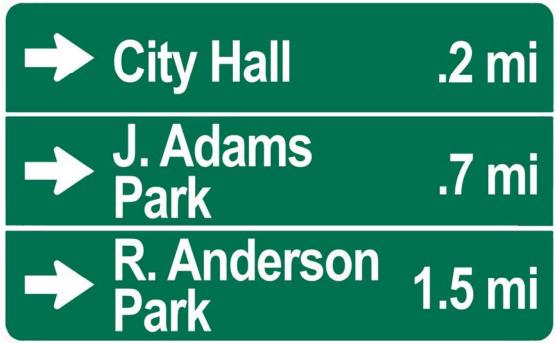


Figure 11-10: Sample Wayfinding sign for Manhattan Beach

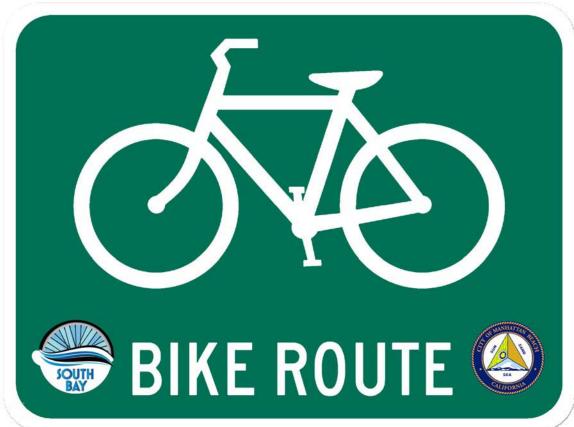


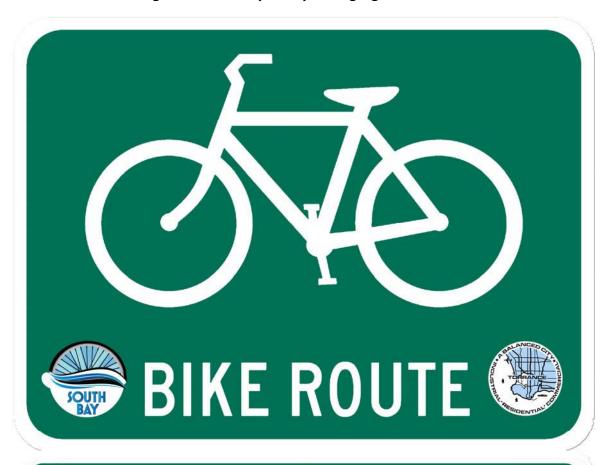


Figure 11-11: Sample Wayfinding sign for Redondo Beach





Figure 11-12: Sample Wayfinding sign for Torrance



- Arts Center .7 mi
- Nature Ctr. 1.2 mi
- Old Torrance 2.2 mi

#### 11.1.3 Specifications

In order to have consistency in the wayfinding system, it is important to follow a set of specifications for sign placement and installation. Table 11-3 displays specifications for the recommended South Bay wayfinding signage. Some cities may already have sign placement and installation standards, in which case they could choose to continue using those for guidance.

#### Table 11-3: Specifications for Implementation of signage

#### **Specifications**

- The standard pole for bikeway guide signs is a 2" square perforated unistrut pole
- The pole should be placed 18" to 24" in the ground, depending upon the overall weight of the signs and the soil/pavement conditions.
- Heavy sign installations may require poles up to 36" into the ground.
- Poles of 12' in length are generally adequate to accommodate a D11-1 with a supplementary D1-1b sign. Longer poles are needed if additional signs will share the same pole.
- The D11-1 should be installed at 10' in height as measured from the top edge of the sign. This height will allow for the installation of supplementary signs while maintaining a minimum 7' clearance to the bottom edge of the bottom sign.
- When a D11-1 is mounted on a pole with an existing parking restriction sign, the D11-1 and any supplementary sign should be located above the parking restriction sign.
- Signs shall not be mounted to utility poles or traffic signal mast arms
- Existing poles should be used wherever practical.

#### 11.2 Signage Locations

Table 11-4 presents a list of suggested key destinations for each participating South Bay city. The cities may modify this list in the future as needed. Appendix L provides maps illustrating the approximate location of key destinations in each city, as well as proposed signage routes based upon estimated frequency of use and proximity to areas of interest.

**Table 11-4: Key Destinations by Participating City** 

Destination
El Segundo
Beach (end of Grand Ave)
Chevron refinery
El Segundo City Hall/Downtown
Josyln Community Center
El Segundo Public Library
The Urho Saari Swim Stadium
Imperial and Main Street
El Segundo and Nash Greenline Metro Station
Mattel Corporation
Mariposa and Nash Greenline Metro Station
Campus El Segundo Athletic Fields
Boeing Corporation
Los Angeles Air Force Base
Aviation/LAX Greenline Metro Station
Plaza El Segundo
Gardena
Crenshaw Greenline Metro Station
Dominguez Channel Bikeway at El Segundo Blvd and Crenshaw Blvd
Dominguez Channel Bikeway at Rosecrans Ave and Crenshaw Blvd
El Camino College
Gardena Civic Center/Nakaoka Community Center
Gardena Mayme Dear Library
Hermosa Beach
Hermosa Beach Pier Plaza
Hermosa Beach City Hall/Upper Pier
Hermosa Beach Library/Upper Pier
Valley Park
Lawndale
Lawndale Civic Center/Library
Jane Adams Park
Rogers-Anderson Park
Proposed Lawndale Metro Station at Rosecrans Ave and Manhattan Beach Blvd
Manhattan Beach
Manhattan Beach Pier/Roundhouse Marine Studies Lab and Aquarium
Live Oak Park and Josyln Community Center
Manhattan Beach City Hall and Library

Los Angeles County Bicycle Coalition and South Bay Bicycle Coalition
South Bay Bicycle Master Plan - Draft

Manhattan Beach Library North Manhattan Beach/El Porto Manhattan Village Mall Polliwog Park and the Creative Arts Center AdventurePlex (Marine Ave Park and Marine Ave Sports Complex) Downtown Manhattan Beach Metlox Redondo Beach Redondo Beach Riviera Village Esplanade Dominguez Park / Dog Park North Redondo Beach Bikeway at Marine Ave and Redondo Beach Ave North Redondo Beach Bikeway at Artesia Blvd and Inglewood Ave North Redondo Beach Bikeway at Lilienthal Ln and 190th street (Lilienthal Park) Torrance **Torrance Beach** Torrance Airport / Zamperini Field Madrona Marsh Nature Center Wilson Park **Downtown Torrance** El Prado Park and Torrance History Museum Torrance City Hall and Library

#### 11.3 Kiosks

In addition to an effective signage system, the South Bay Signage plan also proposes the installation of informational kiosks to support the proposed bikeway network and signage. Proposed kiosk locations should be located at key destinations and include bicycle facility information for the participating cities and the South Bay region as a whole.

#### 11.3.1 Design Guidelines

Potential locations for kiosks include key destinations in each City are provided in Appendix L. Figure 11-13 and Figure 11-14 present sample kiosk prototypes as potential designs for the cities' use. These are simply conceptual in design and can be modified to conform with each cities' existing signage plans. Figure 11-15 displays a potential placement of the sample kiosk.

The design guidelines for kiosks will vary per each city's design preferences and existing standards. However, it is recommended that the participating cities use similar guidelines to create consistency across jurisdictions and brand the South Bay bicycle network. Kiosks should provide the following information:

- A map of key destinations in each city
- A map of the bicycle network in the city
- A map of the entire South Bay Bicycle Network
- The South Bay Bicycle Network Logo

Recommended supplemental resources for the kiosks include:

- Bicycle parking information
- Fold-up bicycle maps of the South Bay Bicycle Network
- Information regarding bicycle related activities in the area
- Bike safety information and other bicycle resources

Hermosa Beach Bicycle Мар

Figure 11-13: Sample Kiosk Prototype



Figure 11-14: Sample Kiosk Prototype

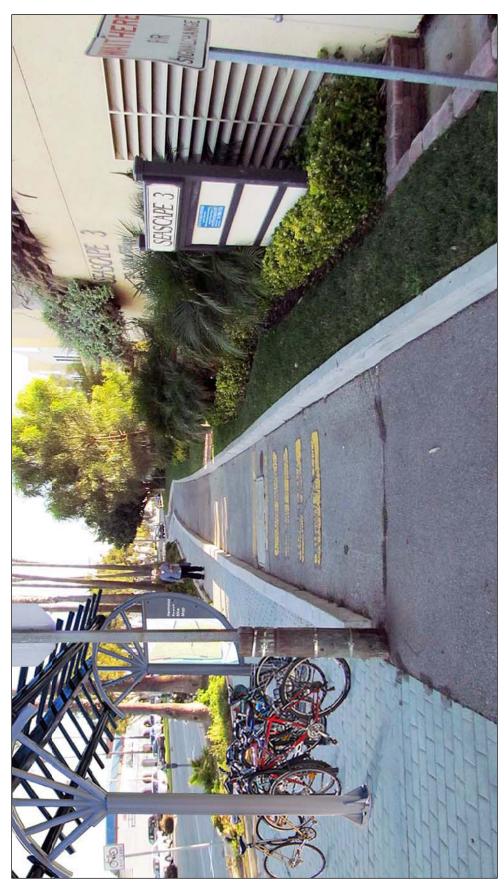


Figure 11-15: Potential Placement of Sample Kiosk

Photo Source: Dan Burden/WALC Institute for Vitality City

#### 11.4 Collaborative Efforts

The South Bay participating cities should consider working with other nearby agencies to provide consistent bicycle wayfinding signage throughout the South Bay and the County of Los Angeles. This will allow bicyclists to easily navigate to and from bikeways in adjacent communities and create an overall seamless network. The South Bay participating cities should coordinate efforts with the following adjacent jurisdictions:

- City of Hawthorne
- City of Inglewood
- City of Lomita
- City of Los Angeles
- City of Palos Verdes Estates
- City of Rolling Hills Estates
- County of Los Angeles

The participating cities should also consider partnering with the following agencies to install wayfinding signage that will help bicyclists navigate to the South Bay bikeways:

- Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro)
- Amtrak
- Metrolink

The participating cities should consider partnering with non-profit organizations, schools, and bicycle advocacy groups like the South Bay and Los Angeles County Bicycle Coalitions in a pursuit for funding opportunities and grants for wayfinding signage. Potential funds would help with capital and maintenance expenses associated with wayfinding signage. Partnerships often strengthen grant applications making them more likely to be selected.